P_4 - DECOMPOSITION OF PRODUCT GRAPHS

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Abstract

A decomposition of a graph G is a family of edge-disjoint subgraphs $\{G_1, G_2, ..., G_k\}$ such that $E(G) = E(G_1) \cup E(G_2) \cup \cdots \cup E(G_k)$. If each G_i is isomorphic to H for some subgraph H of G, then the decomposition is called an H-decomposition of G. In this paper, we give necessary and sufficient conditions for the decomposition of some product graphs into paths of length three.

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